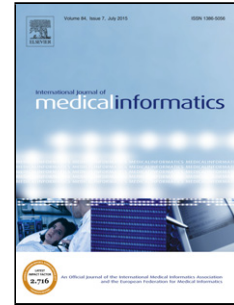


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Accuracy of Using Natural Language Processing Methods for Identifying Healthcare-associated Infections

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Highlights

- This study confirmed the feasibility of using natural language processing for detection of healthcare-associated infections (HAI)
- The performances of HAI detection were satisfactory: overall sensitivity of 83.9% and specificity of 84.2%
- The most frequent cause of medical record misclassification was an inaccurate temporal labeling of medical events
- Improvements in semantic analysis algorithms would increase the detection performance
- NLP could offer a new standardized case-finding process for the HAI monitoring in hospitals

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