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## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

### On the stability of projection methods for the incompressible Navier–Stokes equations based on high-order discontinuous Galerkin discretizations

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#### Abstract

The present paper deals with the numerical solution of the incompressible Navier–Stokes equations using high-order discontinuous Galerkin (DG) methods for discretization in space. For DG methods applied to the dual splitting projection method, instabilities have recently been reported that occur for small time step sizes. Since the critical time step size depends on the viscosity and the spatial resolution, these instabilities limit the robustness of the Navier–Stokes solver in case of complex engineering applications characterized by coarse spatial resolutions and small viscosities. By means of numerical investigation we give evidence that these instabilities are related to the discontinuous Galerkin formulation of the velocity divergence term and the pressure gradient term that couple velocity and pressure. Integration by parts of these terms with a suitable definition of boundary conditions is required in order to obtain a stable and robust method. Since the intermediate velocity field does not fulfill the boundary conditions prescribed for the velocity, a consistent boundary condition is derived from the convective step of the dual splitting scheme to ensure high-order accuracy with respect to the temporal discretization. This new formulation is stable in the limit of small time steps for both equal-order and mixed-order polynomial approximations. Although the dual splitting scheme itself includes inf-sup stabilizing contributions, we demonstrate that spurious pressure oscillations appear for equal-order polynomials and small time steps highlighting the necessity to consider inf-sup stability explicitly.

*Keywords:* Incompressible Navier–Stokes, Discontinuous Galerkin method, projection methods, dual splitting, pressure-correction, inf–sup stability

#### 1. Introduction

The numerical solution of the incompressible Navier–Stokes equations is a key issue in computational fluid dynamics. With respect to discretization in time and space, two aspects are of primary importance regarding the present work. On the one hand, operator splitting techniques are well established solution approaches for the incompressible Navier–Stokes equations that are particularly efficient for high Reynolds number flows [1]. On the other hand, high-order discontinuous Galerkin methods have gained significance as compared to state-of-the-art discretization methods like finite volume methods and finite element methods. They exhibit favorable properties such as high-order accuracy and hp-adaptivity, stability in convection-dominated flows, and geometric flexibility [2]. The present work is devoted to the problem of instabilities reported and analyzed in [3, 4] for the discontinuous Galerkin method proposed in [2] that is based on the

high-order dual splitting scheme developed in [5].

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