### Accepted Manuscript

A fast finite volume method for conservative space-fractional diffusion equations in convex domains

Jinhong Jia, Hong Wang

 PII:
 S0021-9991(16)00016-4

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jcp.2016.01.015

 Reference:
 YJCPH 6354

To appear in: Journal of Computational Physics

Received date:31 July 2015Revised date:17 December 2015Accepted date:10 January 2016

<image>

Please cite this article in press as: J. Jia, H. Wang, A fast finite volume method for conservative space-fractional diffusion equations in convex domains, *J. Comput. Phys.* (2016), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jcp.2016.01.015

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

## A fast finite volume method for conservative space-fractional diffusion equations in convex domains

Jinhong Jia<sup>*a*</sup> Hong Wang<sup>*b*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> School of Mathematics, Shandong University, Jinan, Shandong 250100, China
 <sup>b</sup>Department of Mathematics, University of South Carolina, Columbia, South Carolina 29208, USA (e-mail address: hwang@math.sc.edu, telephone: 803-777-4321. fax: 803-777-6527)

#### Abstract

We develop a fast finite volume method for variable-coefficient, conservative space-fractional diffusion equations in convex domains via a volumepenalization approach. The method has an optimal storage and an almost linear computational complexity. The method retains second-order accuracy without requiring a Richardson extrapolation. Numerical results are presented to show the utility of the method.

*Keywords:* anomalous diffusion, circulant matrix, conjugate gradient squared method, fast Fourier transform, space-fractional diffusion equation, Toeplitz matrix, volume penalization

#### 1. Introduction

Fractional partial differential equations (FPDEs) provide powerful alternatives to integer-order PDEs for modeling challenging phenomena such as anomalous transport, long-range interactions, and nonlocal dynamics [3, 8, 21, 23]. However, FPDEs involve complex integral operators with singular kernels. Consequently, their numerical discretizations tend to generate dense stiffness matrices, for which traditionally used direct solvers [16, 17, 19, 24, 27] require  $O(N^2)$  memory and  $O(N^3)$  computations for a problem of size N. The significantly increased computational complexity and memory requirement render realistic multidimensional FPDE modeling and simulations computationally intractable.

Extensive effort has been made to develop efficient and accurate numerical methods for multidimensional FPDEs. Meerschaert et al [19, 27] devel-

Preprint submitted to Journal of Computational Physics

January 11, 2016

Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6930445

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6930445

Daneshyari.com