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Spatial-scale-regularized blur kernel estimation for blind image deblurring

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Abstract

Blind image deblurring is a long-standing and challenging inverse problem in image

processing. In this paper, we propose a new spatial-scale-regularized approach to

estimate a blur kernel (BK) from a single motion blurred image by regularizing the

spatial scale sizes of image edges. Furthermore, by applying shock filter into the

proposed model, our method is able to recover sharp large-scale edges for accurate BK

estimation. Finally, we propose an efficient optimization strategy which can solve the

proposed model efficiently. Extensive experiments compared with state-of-the-art blind

motion deblurring methods demonstrate the effectiveness of the proposed method in

terms of subjective vision, deconvolution error ratio (DER), peak signal-to-noise ratio

(PSNR), self-similarity measure (SSIM), and sum of squared differences error (SSDE).

Keywords: blind image deblurring; spatial scale; shock filter; large-scale edges; blur

kernel.

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