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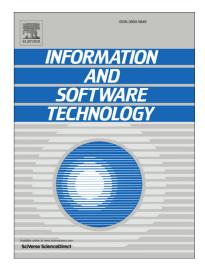
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Abstract

Context: Fault localization is an important and expensive activity in software debugging.

Previous studies indicated that statistically-based fault-localization techniques are

effective in prioritizing the possible faulty statements with relatively low computational

complexity, but prior works on statistical analysis have not fully investigated the

behavior state information of each program element.

Objective: The objective of this paper is to propose an effective fault-localization

approach based on the analysis of state dependence information between program

elements.

Method: In this paper, state dependency is proposed to describe the control flow

dependence between statements with particular states. A state dependency probabilistic

model uses path profiles to analyze the state dependency information. Then, a

fault-localization approach is proposed to locate faults by differentiating the state

dependencies in passed and failed test cases.

Results: We evaluated the fault-localization effectiveness of our approach based on the

experiments on Siemens programs and four UNIX programs. Furthermore, we

compared our approach with current state-of-art fault-localization methods such as

SOBER, Tarantula, and CP. The experimental results show that, our approach can

locate more faults than the other methods in every range on Siemens programs, and the

overall efficiency of our approach in the range of 10%-30% of analyzed source code is

higher than the other methods on UNIX programs.

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