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Distributed Adaptive Output-feedback Tracking Control of Non-affine Multi-agent Systems with Prescribed Performance [☆]

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Abstract

This paper addresses the distributed adaptive output-feedback tracking control problem of uncertain multi-agent systems in non-affine pure-feedback form under a directed communication topology. Since the control input is implicit for each non-affine agent, we introduce an auxiliary first-order dynamics to circumvent the difficulty in control protocol design and avoid the algebraic loop problem in control inputs and the unknown control gain problem. A decentralized input-driven observer is applied to reconstruct state information of each agent, which makes the design and synthesis extremely simplified. Based on the dynamic surface control technique and neural network approximators, a distributed output-feedback control protocol with prescribed tracking performance is derived. Compared with the existing results, the restrictive assumptions on the partial derivative of non-affine functions are removed. Moreover, it is proved that the output tracking errors always stay in a prescribed performance bound. The simulation results are provided to demonstrate the effectiveness of the proposed method.

Keywords: Multi-agent systems, Output feedback control, Transient performance, Adaptive control, Dynamic surface control.

1. Introduction

With the development of modern information technology, cyber physical systems are used more extensively in civilian, military, and commercial applications. To improve the reliability, robustness, and scalability of cyber physical systems, the distributed control strategy becomes a prospective choice. Generally, the cyber physical systems can be modeled as networks of agents (or dynamic systems). Therefore, the distributed control of multi-agent systems has witnessed a compelling interest in recent years. Especially, as the states of agents are measurable, the distributed state-feedback control problems of nonlinear multi-agent systems have been extensively investigated(see, for example, [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]).

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