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Field-scale multi-phase LNAPL remediation: validating a new computational framework against sequential field pilot trials

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Highlights

- For the first time, a TMVOC-MP framework modelled multi-phase LNAPL recovery.
- Its multi-component feature allows simultaneous partitioning of various hazardous chemicals.
- For the first time, its field-scale performance on two supercomputers was compared.
- Results were verified using complex LNAPL recovery data from a contaminated site.
- It can define recovery endpoints and long-term risks caused by hazardous materials.

Abstract

Remediation of subsurface systems, including groundwater, soil and soil gas, contaminated with light non-aqueous phase liquids (LNAPLs) is challenging. Field-scale pilot trials of multi-phase remediation were undertaken at a site to determine the effectiveness of recovery options. Sequential LNAPL skimming and vacuum-

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