Accepted Manuscript

Title: Modified Approach of Total Site Integration for Energy

Conservation: A Case Study of Sponge Iron Cluster

Authors: Venkata Ramanaiah, Shabina Khanam

PII: S0263-8762(18)30120-5

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cherd.2018.03.014

Reference: CHERD 3084

To appear in:

Received date: 24-7-2017 Revised date: 10-3-2018 Accepted date: 12-3-2018

Please cite this article as: Ramanaiah, Venkata, Khanam, Shabina, Modified Approach of Total Site Integration for Energy Conservation: A Case Study of Sponge Iron Cluster. Chemical Engineering Research and Design https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cherd.2018.03.014

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Modified Approach of Total Site Integration for Energy Conservation: A Case Study of Sponge Iron Cluster

Venkata Ramanaiah* and Shabina Khanam

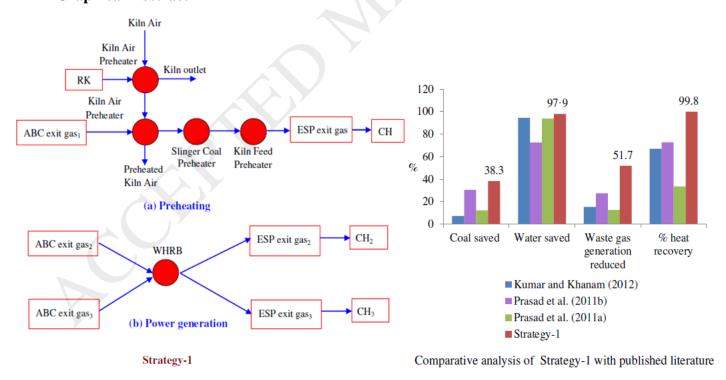
Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee, Roorkee-247665, Uttarakhand, India

*Corresponding author: Email: bvramanaiah2000@yahoo.com, Tel.: +919493807763; Fax: +91-1332-276535

Abstract

In the present work, a modified approach to conserve energy in total site of plants of similar type is developed where conventional methods are not applicable. The approach includes iterative method, if utility and process streams are same, as well as non-iterative method, if these are different. Further, if coal is treated as utility and process streams, a revised model to compute its consumption is also proposed. To illustrate the new approach a cluster of three sponge iron plants are considered where two different strategies are proposed. Results show that reduction in coal consumption, predicted for Strategy-1, is higher than that of Strategy-2. Strategy-1 recovers 99.8% of waste heat available in the modified total site. Thus, through Strategy-1 total amount of energy wasted in the cluster is reduced from 43% to 7.6%. Along with this, Strategy-1 reduces waste gas emissions significantly while making sponge iron cluster more environment friendly. Moreover, 97.9% reduction of water in total site is also observed using Strategy-1, which is an added advantage. Results are compared well with that of the published literature. Further, this approach can be applicable effectively in the site of similar plants irrespective of the operating condition.

Graphical Abstract



Kev words

Energy conservation; Total site integration; Iterative approach; Sponge iron cluster

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7005898

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7005898

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>