### Accepted Manuscript

Investigation of a scroll expander driven by compressed air and its potential applications to ORC

K. Qiu, M. Thomas, M. Douglas

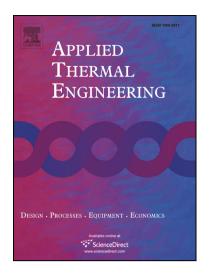
PII: \$1359-4311(18)30657-4

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2018.01.118

Reference: ATE 11772

To appear in: Applied Thermal Engineering

Received Date: 15 July 2016
Revised Date: 22 October 2017
Accepted Date: 30 January 2018



Please cite this article as: K. Qiu, M. Thomas, M. Douglas, Investigation of a scroll expander driven by compressed air and its potential applications to ORC, *Applied Thermal Engineering* (2018), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2018.01.118

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

## **ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT**

# Investigation of a scroll expander driven by compressed air and its potential applications to ORC

K. Qiu\*, M. Thomas, M. Douglas
 CanmetENERGY-Ottawa, Natural Resources Canada
 1 Haanel Drive, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1A 1M1

#### **ABSTRACT**

Micro combined heat and power systems using an organic Rankine cycle (ORC) as a prime mover are under development. The ORC is capable of utilizing various heat sources. The key component in the ORC is an expander to produce the electric power, yet such an expander for residential applications has, to date, not been commercially available. The present study aims to investigate the performance of a scroll expander that has been converted from a commercial refrigeration scroll compressor, as these scroll machines are generally mass-produced as compressors in refrigeration applications. The viability of converting a scroll compressor into an expander for use in an ORC was examined in this paper. A test rig was built where the expander was driven by compressed air and the scroll expander was evaluated under various operating conditions, providing fundamental data that could form the basis for ORC applications. It has been found that conversion of a scroll compressor into an expander is feasible without major modifications. Experiments showed that the power output of the expander increased significantly

1

<sup>\*</sup>Corresponding author. *E-mail address*: kuanrong.qiu@canada.ca

#### Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7045681

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7045681

Daneshyari.com