Accepted Manuscript

Employing thermoelectric generator for power generation enhancement in a Kalina cycle driven by low-grade geothermal energy

V. Zare, V. Palideh

PII:	\$1359-4311(17)33589-5
DOI:	https://doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2017.10.160
Reference:	ATE 11359
To appear in:	Applied Thermal Engineering
Received Date:	25 May 2017
Revised Date:	24 September 2017
Accepted Date:	29 October 2017



Please cite this article as: V. Zare, V. Palideh, Employing thermoelectric generator for power generation enhancement in a Kalina cycle driven by low-grade geothermal energy, *Applied Thermal Engineering* (2017), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2017.10.160

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Employing thermoelectric generator for power generation enhancement in a

Kalina cycle driven by low-grade geothermal energy

V. Zare^a, V. Palideh^{*,b}

^a Faculty of Mechanical Engineering, Urmia university of technology, Urmia, Iran

^b Department of Mechanical Engineering, University of Mohaghegh Ardabili, Ardabil, Iran

Abstract

The Kalina Cycle is believed to be one of the most promising options for power generation from renewable energy and low temperature heat sources such as geothermal energy. It has been given a lot of attention in recent years due to its promising and favorable characteristics. Also, recently employing thermoelectric generators (TEGs) are widely developed to convert heat into electricity directly. The possibility of employing thermoelectric generators to utilize the waste heat of a Kalina cycle is investigated in the present paper. The proposed system performance is modeled, analyzed and compared with the conventional Kalina cycle performance. To assess the systems' performances, thermodynamic and economic models are developed and a parametric study is carried out. The results indicated an enhancement of around 7.3 % for net output power and energy and exergy efficiencies for the proposed system as compared to the conventional Kalina cycle, at a typical operating condition. In addition, an economic evaluation of integrating thermoelectric generators with the Kalina cycle is conducted and the conditions are indicated under which the proposed system is profitable.

^{*}Corresponding author: Tel.: +98 9144435183 E-mail address: vahidpalideh@gmail.com.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7046386

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7046386

Daneshyari.com