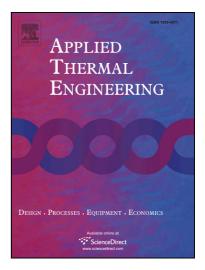
Accepted Manuscript

Influence of fire location on the thermal performance of glass façades

Yu Wang, Qingsong Wang, Jinhua Sun, Linghui He, K.M. Liew

PII:	S1359-4311(16)30968-1
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2016.06.057
Reference:	ATE 8468
To appear in:	Applied Thermal Engineering
Received Date:	26 February 2016
Revised Date:	5 May 2016
Accepted Date:	8 June 2016



Please cite this article as: Y. Wang, Q. Wang, J. Sun, L. He, K.M. Liew, Influence of fire location on the thermal performance of glass façades, *Applied Thermal Engineering* (2016), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2016.06.057

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Influence of fire location on the thermal performance of glass façades

Yu Wang^{a,c}, Qingsong Wang^{a,b*}, Jinhua Sun^a, Linghui He^a, K.M. Liew^c

^aState Key Laboratory of Fire Science, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei

230026, China

^bCollaborative Innovation Center for Urban Public Safety, Anhui Province, Hefei 230027,

China

^cDepartment of Architecture and Civil Engineering, City University of Hong Kong, Tat Chee

Avenue, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Abstract

The breakage and fallout of glass façades may easily occur and significantly affect the enclosed fire dynamics. However, little is known about the effect of fire location on the glass thermal response. In particular, due to large size and various installation forms, glass façades perform differently when fire location alters. The different glass thermal performances, resulting from fire location changing from glass edge to center, are simulated using finite element method. Frame supported and point supported glass panes are employed. The glass stress distribution, breaking time, crack initiation and propagation are presented. It is established that fire location has a notable influence on thermal behavior of glass. Frame supported glass façades are more prone to breakage when fire located in the center of a pane. If the fire is positioned close to the fixing points, point supported glass façades will be more prone to breaking. For the purpose

^c Corresponding author: Tel.: +86-551-6360-6455; fax: +86-551-6360-1669.

E-mail address: pinew@ustc.edu.cn (Q.S. Wang)

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7047443

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7047443

Daneshyari.com