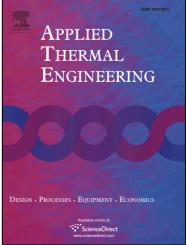
## Accepted Manuscript

The onset of nanofluid flow past a convectively heated shrinking sheet in presence of heat source/sink: A Lie group approach

Kalidas Das, Nilankush Acharya, Prabir Kumar Kundu

PII:	\$1359-4311(16)30416-1
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2016.03.112
Reference:	ATE 7980
To appear in:	Applied Thermal Engineering
Received Date:	16 February 2016
Accepted Date:	19 March 2016



Please cite this article as: K. Das, N. Acharya, P.K. Kundu, The onset of nanofluid flow past a convectively heated shrinking sheet in presence of heat source/sink: A Lie group approach, *Applied Thermal Engineering* (2016), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2016.03.112

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

# ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

## The onset of nanofluid flow past a convectively heated shrinking

### sheet in presence of heat source/sink: A Lie group approach

Kalidas Das

Dept. of Mathematics, A.B.N.Seal College, Cooch Behar, PIN-736101, West Bengal, India,

Email: kd\_kgec@rediffmail.com, Mob no. +919748603199

#### Nilankush Acharya

Dept. of Mathematics, Jadavpur University, Kolkata 700032, West Bengal, India,

Email: nilankushacharya@gmail.com, Mob no. +919474469850

#### Prabir Kumar Kundu

Dept. of Mathematics, Jadavpur University, Kolkata 700032, West Bengal, India,

Email: kunduprabir@yahoo.co.in, Mob no. +91943315434

Abstract: The influence of uniform heat source or sink of Cu-water and Ag-water nanofluid flow over a convectively heated shrinking sheet has been studied. Lie group technique has been applied to translate highly non-linear governing partial differential equations into ordinary differential equation and then solved numerically by RK-4 scheme with shooting technique. The consequence of relevant parameters on the flow province has been discussed by means of graphical and tabular approach considering both assisting and opposing flow. Our analysis explores that Cu-water achieves high temperature even though Ag has high thermal conductivity with the impact of shrinking ratio parameter. Also temperature and heat transfer rate of Cu-water rise significantly for surface convection parameter. Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7047519

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7047519

Daneshyari.com