## Accepted Manuscript

Local dissipation scales in turbulent jets

Minyi Xu, Kin-Pang Cheong, Jianchun Mi, Andrew Pollard

PII:	S0894-1777(17)30402-8
DOI:	https://doi.org/10.1016/j.expthermflusci.2017.12.019
Reference:	ETF 9309
To appear in:	Experimental Thermal and Fluid Science
Received Date:	12 July 2017
Revised Date:	14 November 2017
Accepted Date:	21 December 2017



Please cite this article as: M. Xu, K-P. Cheong, J. Mi, A. Pollard, Local dissipation scales in turbulent jets, *Experimental Thermal and Fluid Science* (2017), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.expthermflusci.2017.12.019

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

## Local dissipation scales in turbulent jets

Minyi Xu<sup>a)</sup>, Kin-Pang Cheong<sup>b)</sup>, Jianchun Mi<sup>b)†</sup>, Andrew Pollard<sup>c)†</sup>,

a) Marine Engineering College, Dalian Maritime University, Dalian, 116026, China

 b) State Key Laboratory of Turbulence & Complex Systems, College of Engineering, Peking University, Beijing 100871, China

c) Department of Mechanical and Materials Engineering, Queen's University at Kingston, Ont.,

K7L 3N6, Canada

Abstract: This work characterizes the local dissipation length-scale  $\eta$  and its related quantities in turbulent (round and square) jets. It is revealed that the probability density function (PDF) of  $\eta$ , denoted by  $Q(\eta)$ , displays different shapes in the jet's central region and shear layer. In the central jet of full turbulence, the distribution of  $Q(\eta)$  is insensitive to changes in the initial flow conditions and the degree of anisotropy, and agrees well with those obtained previously from a pipe flow and DNS of a box turbulence. On the other hand, the left tail of  $Q(\eta)$  at small  $\eta$  rises with increasing lateral distance from the centerline (towards the jet outer region), where the turbulent/non-turbulent intermittency occurs due to jet engulfment of ambient fluid; such large-scale intermittency is expected to enhance fine-scale dissipation intermittency. Therefore, the present work demonstrates that the smallest-scale dissipation fluctuations behave universally as in fully turbulent flows, irrespective of the flow type; but this universality is broken in partially turbulent flows or in flow regions where large-scale intermittency emerges.

Keywords: Turbulent jet; Local dissipation scales; Intermittency; Engulfment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Corresponding authors: J. Mi (jmi@pku.edu.cn); A. Pollard (andrew.pollard@queensu.ca)

Download English Version:

## https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7051789

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7051789

Daneshyari.com