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Development and Assessment of a Functional Activated Fore-modified Biohydrochar for Amoxicillin Removal

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

1	Development and Assessment of a Functional Activated Fore-modified Bio-
2	hydrochar for Amoxicillin Removal
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11	Abstract
12	A fore-modified method was put forward and hybridized into hydrothermal
13	process with acid, neutral and alkali circumstances. The activated fore-modified
14	bio-hydrochars of feather and cornstalk (AFBF and AFBC) were manufactured. Some
15	thinner carbon layers/smaller micro carbon spheres and much more hydroxyls
16	functional groups were clearly observed in the acid and alkali fore-modified bio-
17	hydrochars (AFBs). Batch experiments were taken to assess the AMOX removal
18	abilities. By contrast, the AFB fore-modified by alkali, has got the most superior
19	adsorbability of 92.87 mg/g. Particularly, the BET surface areas of AFBs increased by
20	155.46% and the adsorbance of AMOX increased as much as 42.92% than traditional
21	bio-hydrochar. Zeta potentials were introduced to illustrate the interactions between
22	adsorbents and adsorbates under different pH. In addition, the powerful chemical

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