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Abstract

Laccases are multicopper oxidoreductases with broad substrate specificity and are applied in biofuel cells at the cathode to improve its oxygen reduction performance. However, the production of laccases by e.g. fungi is often accompanied by the need of synthetic growth supplements for increased enzyme production. In this study we present a strategy for the white-rot fungus *Pleurotus sajor-caju* for natural laccase activity induction using lignocellulose substrates and culture supernatant of *Aspergillus nidulans*. *P. sajor-caju* laccases were secreted into the supernatant, which was directly