Accepted Manuscript

Synchronization in the presence of unknown, nonuniform and arbitrarily large communication delay

Meirong Zhang, Ali Saberi, Anton A. Stoorvogel

 PII:
 S0947-3580(17)30136-X

 DOI:
 10.1016/j.ejcon.2017.08.005

 Reference:
 EJCON 224

To appear in:

European Journal of Control

Received date:22 April 2017Revised date:28 July 2017Accepted date:25 August 2017

Please cite this article as: Meirong Zhang, Ali Saberi, Anton A. Stoorvogel, Synchronization in the presence of unknown, nonuniform and arbitrarily large communication delay, *European Journal of Control* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.ejcon.2017.08.005

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



Synchronization in the presence of unknown, nonuniform and arbitrarily large communication delay

Meirong Zhang^{a,*}, Ali Saberi^a, Anton A. Stoorvogel^b

^a School of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, Washington State University, Pullman, WA, USA ^bDepartment of Electrical Engineering, Mathematics and Computer Science, University of Twente, P.O. Box 217, Enschede, The Netherlands

Abstract

This paper studies both output and state synchronization problems for multi-agent systems with agents that are identical and coupled through a network with unknown, nonuniform and arbitrarily large communication delay. We assume that agents are non-introspective (i.e. agents have no access to any of their own states) in the output synchronization problem. The network can be either undirected or directed. In the case of undirected network, exact knowledge of the network is not required and only a specific lower bound is needed. The objective is to design a decentralized protocol such that the multi-agent system achieves output synchronization or state synchronization for any unknown, nonuniform and arbitrarily large communication delay.

Key words: Multi-agent systems, Communication delay, Distributed control

1. Introduction

In the past few decades, synchronization problems for multi-agent systems have received substantial attention, where the objective is to achieve asymptotic agreement on a common state (*state synchronization*) or output trajectory (*output synchronization*) among agents of the network through decentralized control protocols. Some early results can be found in, e.g., [1], [2], [3], [4], for state synchronization problems of

Preprint submitted to Elsevier

^{*}Corresponding author

Email addresses: mzhang1@eecs.wsu.edu (Meirong Zhang), saberi@eecs.wsu.edu (Ali Saberi), A.A.Stoorvogel@utwente.nl (Anton A. Stoorvogel)

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7113774

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7113774

Daneshyari.com