

Accepted Manuscript

Thermal effusivity measurements of thermal insulators using the photopyroelectric technique in the front configuration

Agustín Salazar, Alberto Oleaga, Arantza Mendioroz, Estibaliz Apiñaniz

PII: S0263-2241(18)30146-5
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.measurement.2018.02.047>
Reference: MEASUR 5295

To appear in: *Measurement*

Received Date: 20 October 2017
Revised Date: 26 January 2018
Accepted Date: 21 February 2018

Please cite this article as: A. Salazar, A. Oleaga, A. Mendioroz, E. Apiñaniz, Thermal effusivity measurements of thermal insulators using the photopyroelectric technique in the front configuration, *Measurement* (2018), doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.measurement.2018.02.047>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



Thermal effusivity measurements of thermal insulators using the photopyroelectric technique in the front configuration

Agustín Salazar^{1,*}, Alberto Oleaga¹, Arantza Mendioroz¹, and Estibaliz Apiñaniz²

¹ Departamento de Física Aplicada I, Escuela de Ingeniería de Bilbao, Universidad del País Vasco UPV/EHU, Plaza Ingeniero Torres Quevedo 1, 48013 Bilbao, Spain.

² Departamento de Física Aplicada I, Escuela Universitaria de Ingeniería de Vitoria-Gasteiz, Universidad del País Vasco UPV/EHU, Nieves Cano 12, 01006 Vitoria-Gasteiz, Spain.

* Corresponding author.

E-mail Address: agustin.salazar@ehu.es

Abstract

In the photopyroelectric (PPE) technique in the front configuration one surface of a pyroelectric sensor is illuminated by a modulated laser beam, whereas the other surface is in contact with the sample under study. A frequency scan of the PPE signal allows to measure the thermal effusivity of liquids. Recently, it has been applied to solid samples, by taking into account the effect of the thin grease layer used to guarantee the thermal contact between sample and sensor. In this work, we extend this method to address the challenge of measuring the effusivity of thermal insulators accurately. We have developed a complete model of the PPE signal generation, including heat losses by convection, radiation and conduction to the surrounding gas. Besides, very thin pyroelectric sensors are used since they enhance the sensitivity of the PPE signal to the sample effusivity. Moreover, the sample is placed directly in contact with the sensor, without using any coupling grease, to avoid polluting porous samples. PPE measurements on several thermal insulators (paper, cork, wood and foam) indicate that this method is well suited to retrieve the thermal effusivity of insulators precisely.

Keywords: thermal effusivity, photopyroelectric technique, photothermal techniques, thermal insulators

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7121321>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/7121321>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)