## Accepted Manuscript

Title: Highly sensitive acetone sensors based on flame-spray-made  $La_2O_3$ -doped  $SnO_2$  nanoparticulate thick films

Authors: N. Tammanoon, A. Wisitsoraat, D. Phokharatkul, A. Tuantranont, S. Phanichphant, V. Yordsri, C. Liewhiran



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## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

<AT>Highly sensitive acetone sensors based on flame-spray-made La<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-doped SnO<sub>2</sub> nanoparticulate thick films

<AU>N. Tammanoon<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Wisitsoraat<sup>c,d,e</sup>, D. Phokharatkul<sup>c,d</sup>, A. Tuantranont<sup>c,f</sup>, S. Phanichphant<sup>c</sup>, V. Yordsri<sup>g</sup>, C. Liewhiran<sup>a,c,h,\*</sup> ##Email##cliewhiran@gmail.com##/Email## <AFF><sup>a</sup>Department of Physics and Materials Science, Faculty of Science, Chiang Mai University, Chiang Mai 50200, Thailand

<AFF><sup>b</sup>Graduate School, Chiang Mai University, Chiang Mai 50200, Thailand <AFF><sup>c</sup>Center of Advanced Materials for Printed Electronics and Sensors, Materials Science Research Center, Faculty of Science, Chiang Mai University, Chiang Mai 50200, Thailand <AFF><sup>d</sup>Carbon-based Devices and Nanoelectronics Laboratory, National Electronics and Computer Technology Center, National Science and Technology Development Agency, Pathumthani 12120, Thailand

<AFF><sup>e</sup>Department of Common and Graduate Studies, Sirindhorn International Institute of Technology, Thammasat University, Pathumthani 12120, Thailand

<AFF><sup>f</sup>Thailand Organic and Printed Electronics Innovation Center, National Electronics and Computer Technology Center, National Science and Technology Development Agency, Pathumthani 12120, Thailand

<AFF><sup>g</sup>National Metal and Materials Technology Center, National Science and Technology Development Agency, Klong Luang, Pathumthani 12120, Thailand

<AFF><sup>h</sup>Center of Excellence in Materials Science and Technology, Chiang Mai University, Chiang Mai 50200, Thailand

<AFF>Tel.: +66-81-408-2324; Fax: +66-53-943-445

<PA>\*,a Corresponding author.

<ABS-Head><ABS-HEAD>Graphical abstract

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<ABS-HEAD>Highlights ► Flame-made SnO<sub>2</sub> nanoparticles were incorporated with 0–2 wt% La. ► Structural analyses suggested that La<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> crystallites were soluted in SnO<sub>2</sub> matrix. ► Response to 400 ppm acetone at 350°C was greatly enhanced from 8.2 to 3,626 with 0.5 wt% La. ► The optimal sensor exhibited high acetone selectivity against SO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NO<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>8</sub>, C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>10</sub> and CH<sub>2</sub>O. ► The results were attributed to distributed *p*-*n* heterjunctions, strong La<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> basicity and reduced structural sizes.

<ABS-HEAD>ABSTRACT

<ABS-P>In the present work, flame-spray-made La<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-doped SnO<sub>2</sub> nanoparticles with 0.1–2 wt% La contents were systematically studied for acetone detection. The particle and sensing film properties were characterized by X-ray diffraction, nitrogen adsorption, electron microscopy, energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy and X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy. The sensing films were tested towards 0.1–400 ppm acetone at operating temperatures ranging from 150 to 400°C in dry air. Gas-sensing results demonstrated that the SnO<sub>2</sub> sensing film with the optimal La content of 0.5 wt% exhibited a very high response of 3,626 toward 400 ppm acetone with a short response time of 2.8 s at the optimal operating temperature of 350°C. Moreover, the sensors displayed high acetone selectivity against SO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NO<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>8</sub>, C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>10</sub> and CH<sub>2</sub>O. Therefore, the La<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-doped SnO<sub>2</sub> sensors are promising for sensitive and selective detections of acetone at low concentrations.

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