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Spray layer-by-layer assembly of POSS functionalized
 CNT quantum chemo-resistive sensors with tuneable
 5 selectivity and ppm resolution to VOC biomarkers

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Abstract: The analysis of volatile organic compounds (VOC) emanating from the
 10 human body, the volatolome, gives an idea of the metabolic and physiological
 functions of an individual and can provide non-invasive, cost effective anticipated
 diagnosis of several diseases including cancer. A novel way to control the
 disconnection of the nano-junctions of the percolated conducting network in
 chemo-resistive sensors composed of different polyhedral
 15 oligomeric silsesquioxanes (POSS) covalently and non-covalently bonded to the
 surface of functionalized CNT has been investigated. The resulting series of
 quantum resistive sensors (QRS) of different nano-junctions' gap and chemical
 selectivity that has been assembled into an array (e-nose), and submitted to a set
 of lung cancer VOC biomarkers, show very good discrimination ability and a ppm
 20 level resolution even in the presence of 50% of moisture. In particular one sensor
 was found highly selective to acetone, which is a biomarker of diabetes and lung
 cancer, whereas another sensor was more selective to cyclohexane, which is a
 biomarker of malignant pleural mesothelioma and lung cancer. Therefore, it is
 expected that such QRS judiciously exploited can meet biomedical applications such
 25 as anticipated diagnosis of cancers by the analysis of VOC from the volatolome.

Keywords: Hybrid functional nanomaterials; Quantum Resistive Sensor; VOC;
 Anticipated Diagnosis; Electronic nose; POSS; CNT; Cancer biomarkers; Moisture;

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