Accepted Manuscript

Title: A novel and sensitive hexadecyltrimethylammonium bromide functionalized grapheme supported platinum nanoparticles composite modified glassy carbon electrode for determination of sunset yellow in soft drinks

Author: Lanlan Yu Mengxing Shi Xiu Yue Lingbo Qu

PII: S0925-4005(14)01310-0

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.1016/j.snb.2014.10.098

Reference: SNB 17596

To appear in: Sensors and Actuators B

Received date: 13-5-2014 Revised date: 13-10-2014 Accepted date: 22-10-2014

Please cite this article as: L. Yu, M. Shi, X.Y., L. Qu, A novel and sensitive hexadecyltrimethylammonium bromide functionalized grapheme supported platinum nanoparticles composite modified glassy carbon electrode for determination of sunset yellow in soft drinks, *Sensors and Actuators B: Chemical* (2014), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.snb.2014.10.098

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

A novel and sensitive hexadecyltrimethylammonium bromide functionalized grapheme supported platinum nanoparticles composite modified glassy carbon electrode for determination of sunset yellow in soft drinks

Lanlan Yu a*, Mengxing Shia, Xiu Yue, Lingbo Quab*

Abstract: A new and sensitive electrochemical sensor based on hexadecyltrimethylammonium bromide (CTAB) functionalized graphene supported platinum nanoparticles (CTAB-Gr-Pt) composite was fabricated via one step hydrothermal method. CTAB acted as a surfactant and absorbed platinum nanoparticles (Pt NPs) on the graphene surface. The CTAB-Gr-Pt composite greatly improved the oxidation activity of sunset yellow, owing to the synergistic effect of the large surface area and electrocatalytic activity of both Gr and Pt NPs, and further increased the sensitivity of the method. Cyclic voltammetry (CV) and differential pulse voltammetry (DPV) were used to investigate the electrochemical behavior of sunset yellow. Under the optimized experimental conditions, the oxidation peak currents of sunset yellow were proportional to its

^a College of Chemistry and Molecular Engineering, Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou 450001, PR China

^bSchool of Chemistry & Chemical Engineering, Henan University of Technology, Zhengzhou 450001, PR China

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7146005

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7146005

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>