### Accepted Manuscript

Natural Convection Coupled with Radiation heat transfer in an Inclined Porous Cavity with Corner Heater

Sameh E. Ahmed, Hakan F. Oztop, Khaled Al-Salem

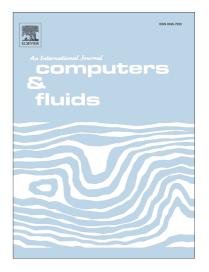
PII: S0045-7930(14)00263-1

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.compfluid.2014.06.024

Reference: CAF 2606

To appear in: Computers & Fluids

Received Date: 25 February 2014
Revised Date: 23 May 2014
Accepted Date: 23 June 2014



Please cite this article as: Ahmed, S.E., Oztop, H.F., Al-Salem, K., Natural Convection Coupled with Radiation heat transfer in an Inclined Porous Cavity with Corner Heater, *Computers & Fluids* (2014), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.compfluid.2014.06.024

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

## **ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT**

# Natural Convection Coupled with Radiation heat transfer in an Inclined Porous Cavity with Corner Heater

Sameh E. Ahmed a,b, Hakan F. Oztop c,1, Khaled Al-Salem

<sup>a</sup>Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Sciences, South Valley University, Qena, Egypt.

<sup>b</sup>Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Sciences, Northern Border University, Saudi Arabia.

<sup>c</sup> Department of Mechanical Engineering, Technology Faculty, Fırat University, Elazig, Turkey

<sup>d</sup> Department of Mechanical Engineering, College of Engineering, King Saud University, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia

#### Abstract

A computational work has been proposed on natural convection coupled with radiation in an inclined porous cavity with corner heater. The heaters are isothermal and temperature of one side of the cavity is lower than that of heaters while remaining walls are adiabatic. Length of corner heaters ( $h_x$  and  $h_y$ ), radiation parameter ( $R_d$ ), Rayleigh number ( $R_d$ ), inclination angle () and Darcy number ( $R_d$ ) are chosen as governing parameter on heat and fluid flow. Numerical results are presented for these parameters via isotherms, streamlines, velocity profiles, local and average Nusselt numbers. It is found that radiation parameter affects both heat transfer and fluid flow and heat transfer is an increasing function of radiation parameter and a decreasing function of Darcy number.

Keywords: Porous media, radiation, corner heater, natural convection

#### Nomenclature

Da Darcy number

g gravitational acceleration,  $m/s^2$ 

H height of cavity, m

hx dimensionless heater length in x direction

<sup>1</sup> Corresponding Author: E-mail: hfoztop1@gmail.com, Tel: 90 424 237 0000 ext. 4248, Fax: 90 424 236 7064

#### Download English Version:

## https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7157116

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7157116

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>