Accepted Manuscript

Approximate Stress Intensity Factors for a Semi-Circular Crack in an Arbitrary Structure under Arbitrary Mode I Loading

Javad Alizadeh Kaklar, Hamed Saeidi Googarchin

PII: S0167-8442(17)30287-2

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tafmec.2018.01.007

Reference: TAFMEC 1984

To appear in: Theoretical and Applied Fracture Mechanics

Received Date: 28 May 2017
Revised Date: 5 January 2018
Accepted Date: 8 January 2018



Please cite this article as: J. Alizadeh Kaklar, H. Saeidi Googarchin, Approximate Stress Intensity Factors for a Semi-Circular Crack in an Arbitrary Structure under Arbitrary Mode I Loading, *Theoretical and Applied Fracture Mechanics* (2018), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tafmec.2018.01.007

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Approximate Stress Intensity Factors for a Semi-Circular Crack in an Arbitrary Structure under Arbitrary Mode I Loading

Javad Alizadeh Kaklar¹, Hamed Saeidi Googarchin^{2*}

¹-Department of Mechanical Engineering, Urmia University, Urmia, Iran

²⁻ Automotive Fluids and Structures Analysis Research Laboratory, School of Automotive Engineering, Iran University of Science and Technology, Tehran, Iran, P.O. Box 16846-13114

Approximate Stress Intensity Factors (SIFs) for a semi-circular surface crack in arbitrary elastic

Abstract

finite and infinite bodies are presented. Utilizing General Point Load Weight Function (GPLWF) concept, an explicit expression is derived to determine SIFs for semi-circular cracks subjected to uniform, linear, and nonlinear loads. The presented formulation not only provides a solution for cracked bodies subjected to arbitrary two-dimensional stress distribution on the crack faces, but also could present SIFs for any point on the crack front. The results of the presented formulation for special cases, i.e. semi-circular cracks in a finite thickness plate subjected to complicated loadings, central and non-central semi-circular cracks in finite-length thick-walled cylinders subjected to a uniform internal pressure, and central semi-circular cracks in an infinite-length thick-walled

literature and those obtained through FEM, indicating a very good accuracy. The proposed

cylinder subjected to a non-uniform internal pressure are compared with the available results in the

procedure will be generalized for semi-elliptical cracks in arbitrary structures and mixed mode

loading in future.

Keyword: Semi-circular crack; stress intensity factor; weight function method; finite thickness

plate; thick-walled cylinder.

Corresponding Author E-mail address: hsaeidi@iust.ac.ir

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7196192

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7196192

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>