Accepted Manuscript

Experimental Observation and Energy Based Analytical Investigation of Matrix Cracking Distribution Pattern in Angle-Ply Laminates

H. Pakdel, B. Mohammadi

PII:	S0167-8442(16)30404-9
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tafmec.2017.06.007
Reference:	TAFMEC 1889
To appear in:	Theoretical and Applied Fracture Mechanics
Received Date:	11 December 2016
Accepted Date:	9 June 2017



Please cite this article as: H. Pakdel, B. Mohammadi, Experimental Observation and Energy Based Analytical Investigation of Matrix Cracking Distribution Pattern in Angle-Ply Laminates, *Theoretical and Applied Fracture Mechanics* (2017), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tafmec.2017.06.007

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Experimental Observation and Energy Based Analytical Investigation of Matrix Cracking Distribution Pattern in Angle-Ply Laminates

H. Pakdel, B. Mohammadi^{*}

School of Mechanical Engineering, Iran University of Science and Technology, Tehran,

Iran

Abstract

An energy based criteria is developed to predict the leading distribution pattern of matrix cracks in the damage mode competition in angle-ply laminates of type $\left[\theta_m^{(1)}/\theta_n^{(2)}\right]_s$ subject to uniaxial tensile loading. For the first time in the literature, all plausible matrix crack distribution patterns, namely mid-ply or staggered/symmetric outer-ply cracking are considered and energy release rate for initiation of each case is derived. Different geometrical effects such as ply orientation, thickness ratios and scale effects are investigated on the initiation distribution pattern of matrix cracks. The results show that distribution pattern of matrix cracks is directly affected by geometrical factors. Test specimens with different geometrical characteristics are prepared from unidirectional carbon-epoxy and an experimental test setup is prepared to capture the distribution pattern of matrix cracks during tensile loading. The predicted matrix crack distribution patterns of all specimens are verified by experimental observations.

Keywords: Matrix cracking distribution pattern, Energy release rate, Crack pattern competition, Angle-ply laminate

*Corresponding author, Associate Professor Email address: Bijan_Mohammadi@iust.ac.ir (B. Mohammadi)

Preprint submitted to Theoretical and Applied Fracture Mechanics June 16, 2017

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7196306

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7196306

Daneshyari.com