## Author's Accepted Manuscript

Kinematics of collagen fibers in carotid arteries under tension-inflation loading

Witold Krasny, Hélène Magoariec, Claire Morin, Stéphane Avril



 PII:
 S1751-6161(17)30357-0

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jmbbm.2017.08.014

 Reference:
 JMBBM2458

To appear in: Journal of the Mechanical Behavior of Biomedical Materials

Received date: 17 May 2017 Revised date: 7 August 2017 Accepted date: 9 August 2017

Cite this article as: Witold Krasny, Hélène Magoariec, Claire Morin and Stéphane Avril, Kinematics of collagen fibers in carotid arteries under tension-inflation loading, *Journal of the Mechanical Behavior of Biomedical Materials*, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jmbbm.2017.08.014

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

## Kinematics of collagen fibers in carotid arteries under tension-inflation loading

Witold Krasny<sup>1,2,3,4</sup> · Hélène Magoariec<sup>4</sup> · Claire Morin<sup>1,2,3</sup> · Stéphane Avril<sup>1,2,3\*</sup>

Received: date / Accepted: date

Abstract Biomechanics of the extracellular matrix in arteries determines their macroscopic mechanical behavior. In particular, the distribution of collagen fibers and bundles plays a significant role. Experimental data showed that, in most arterial walls, there are preferred fiber directions. However, the realignment of collagen fibers during tissue deformation is still controversial: whilst authors claim that fibers should undergo affine deformations, others showed the contrary. In order to have an insight about this important question of affine deformations at the microscopic scale, we measured the realignment of collagen fibers in the adventitia layer of carotid arteries using multiphoton microscopy combined with an unprecedented Fourier based method. We compared the realignment for two types of macroscopic loading applied on arterial segments: axial tension under constant pressure (scenario 1) and inflation under constant axial length (scenario 2). Results showed that, although the tissue underwent macroscopic stretches beyond 1.5 in the circumferential direction, fiber directions remained unchanged during scenario 2 loading. Conversely, fibers strongly realigned along the axis direction for scenario

\*correspondance to: avril@emse.fr

<sup>1.</sup> Ecole Nationale Supérieure des Mines de Saint-Etienne, CIS-EMSE, SAINBIOSE, F-42023 Saint Etienne, France

<sup>2.</sup> INSERM, U1059, F-42000 Saint Etienne, France

<sup>3.</sup> Université de Lyon, SAINBIOSE, F-42000 Saint Etienne, France

<sup>4.</sup> Laboratoire de Tribologie et Dynamique des Systèmes, CNRS UMR 5513, Université de Lyon, Ecole Centrale Lyon, France

Download English Version:

## https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7207415

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7207415

Daneshyari.com