Author's Accepted Manuscript

Finite element simulation for the mechanical characterization of soft biological materials by atomic force microscopy

C. Valero, B. Navarro, D. Navajas, J.M. García-Aznar



www.elsevier.com/locate/imbbm

PII: S1751-6161(16)30125-4

http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jmbbm.2016.05.006 DOI:

Reference: JMBBM1919

To appear in: Journal of the Mechanical Behavior of Biomedical Materials

Received date: 30 November 2015 Revised date: 28 April 2016 Accepted date: 4 May 2016

Cite this article as: C. Valero, B. Navarro, D. Navajas and J.M. García-Aznar Finite element simulation for the mechanical characterization of soft biologica materials by atomic force microscopy, Journal of the Mechanical Behavior c Biomedical Materials, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jmbbm.2016.05.006

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted fo publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version o the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Finite element simulation for the mechanical

characterization of soft biological materials by atomic force microscopy

Valero, C^{1*}., Navarro, B.¹, Navajas, D.^{2,3,4}, García-Aznar, J.M.¹

¹ Multiscale in Mechanical and Biological Engineering (M2BE), Aragon Institute of Engineering Research, Dept. of Mechanical Engineering, University of Zaragoza, Zaragoza, Spain

² Institute for Bioengineering of Catalonia, 08028-Barcelona, Spain

³ Centro de Investigación Biomédica en Red de Enfermedades Respiratorias, 28029-Madrid, Spain.

⁴ Facultat de Medicina, Universitat de Barcelona, 08036-Barcelona, Spain

*(claraval@unizar.es)

Abstract

The characterization of the mechanical properties of soft materials has been traditionally performed through uniaxial tensile tests. Nevertheless, this method cannot be applied to certain extremely soft materials, such as biological tissues or cells that cannot be properly subjected to these tests. Alternative non-destructive tests have been designed in recent years to determine the mechanical properties of soft biological tissues. One of these techniques is based on the use of atomic force microscopy (AFM) to perform nanoindentation tests. In this work, we investigated the mechanical response of soft biological materials to nanoindentation with spherical indenters using finite

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7207802

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7207802

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>