## Accepted Manuscript

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PII: S0266-3538(18)30184-2

DOI: 10.1016/j.compscitech.2018.07.006

Reference: CSTE 7292

To appear in: Composites Science and Technology

Received Date: 23 January 2018

Revised Date: 10 May 2018

Accepted Date: 3 July 2018

Please cite this article as: Bai L, Li Z, Zhao S, Zheng J, Covalent functionalization of carbon nanotubes with hydroxyl-terminated polydimethylsiloxane to enhance filler dispersion, interfacial adhesion and performance of poly(methylphenylsiloxane) composites, *Composites Science and Technology* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.compscitech.2018.07.006.

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## Covalent functionalization of carbon nanotubes with hydroxyl-terminated polydimethylsiloxane to enhance filler dispersion, interfacial adhesion and performance of poly(methylphenylsiloxane) composites

Lu Bai, Zhongxiao Li, Shizhen Zhao and Junping Zheng\*

Tianjin Key Laboratory of Composite and Functional Materials, School of Materials Science and Engineering, Tianjin University, Tianjin 300072, People' Republic of China

\*Corresponding author. E-mail: jpzheng@tju.edu.cn

ABSTRACT: Surface modification of carbon nanotubes (CNTs) were performed by grafting of hydroxyl-terminated polydimethylsiloxane (HPDMS) covalently. The results of dissolution experiments revealed that long-time stable dispersions of HPDMS-functionalized CNTs (CNTs-HPDMS) were achieved in a range of solvents including ethanol, ethyl acetate, dimethylbenzene and cyclohexane, even after being placed for 3 months. Subsequently, CNTs-HPDMS were incorporated into poly(methylphenylsiloxane) (PMPS) matrix to prepare composites. Scanning electron microscopy analysis showed that CNTs-HPDMS had homogeneous dispersion and strong interfacial adhesion in PMPS, which led to much better mechanical properties of composites compared to those filled with untreated CNTs. Furthermore, the incorporation of CNTs-HPDMS significantly enhanced the thermal stability of PMPS composites both under nitrogen and air. The improved barrier effect of CNTs-HPDMS resulted from the better filler dispersion was considered to play a crucial role, which on the one hand suppressed the depolymerization of PMPS under nitrogen and on the other hand inhibited the oxygen diffusion in matrix under air. Besides, the hydroxyl

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