Accepted Manuscript

Damage initiation in unidirectional fiber composites with different degrees of nonuniform fiber distribution

Sarah A. Elnekhaily, Ramesh Talreja

PII: S0266-3538(17)30889-8

DOI: 10.1016/j.compscitech.2017.11.017

Reference: CSTE 6972

To appear in: Composites Science and Technology

Received Date: 13 April 2017

Revised Date: 18 November 2017

Accepted Date: 18 November 2017

Please cite this article as: Elnekhaily SA, Talreja R, Damage initiation in unidirectional fiber composites with different degrees of nonuniform fiber distribution, *Composites Science and Technology* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.compscitech.2017.11.017.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



Damage Initiation in Unidirectional Fiber Composites with Different Degrees of Nonuniform Fiber Distribution

Sarah A. Elnekhaily^{a,b}, Ramesh Talreja^{a, c, d}

^a Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX 77843, USA

^b Department of Metallurgical and Materials Eng., Faculty of Petroleum and Mining Eng., Suez University, Suez, Egypt

^c Department of Aerospace Engineering, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX 77843, USA

^d Department of Engineering Sciences and Mathematics, Luleå University of Technology, SE 971 87 Luleå, Sweden

Abstract

This paper reports a study of the initiation of the first failure event in unidirectional composites subjected to transverse tension. Two energy based point failure criteria – critical dilatational energy density and critical distortional energy density – are considered. The manufacturing induced disorder in the fiber distribution in the composite cross section is described in terms of the degree of nonuniformity, which is quantified and for which an algorithm is developed. The nonuniformity is captured in a representative volume element (RVE) whose minimum size is determined based on statistics of nearest fiber distance distribution. Several realizations of the RVE for three fiber volume fractions and three degrees of nonuniformity are analyzed using a finite element model. A parametric study of the effect of matrix/fiber stiffness ratio on the damage initiation is also conducted. Significant effects of the fiber distribution nonuniformity on the strain to onset of damage are found.

Keywords: Polymer-matrix composites (PMCs); Damage mechanics; Finite element analysis (FEA); Nonuniform fiber distribution. Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7214793

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7214793

Daneshyari.com