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The role of crystallinity in SWCNTpolyetherimide nanocomposites

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ABSTRACT. Two all-aromatic, high-performance poly(etherimide)s ODPA-P3 (I) and BPDA-P3 (II) are studied as a function of SWCNT loading. Polyetherimide I is amorphous but SWCNTs nucleate crystallization during imidization to produce a nanocomposite (nc-I) with SWCNTs embedded in the crystals. This crystalline interphase, with a radial thickness of ~8 nm, results in a substantial reinforcement efficacy. Melting the interphase and cooling nc-I yields an amorphous nanocomposite with an interphase thickness (3.6 nm) that is smaller and has a lower reinforcement efficacy. Polyetherimide II was used as a reference since SWCNTs reside in the amorphous fraction of its nanocomposite. Consequently, the reinforcement efficiency of the semi-crystalline nc-II and its amorphous analog (prepared by heating above the crystal melting point and cooling) remains unchanged. A crystalline interphase surrounding SWCNT-reinforced

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