Accepted Manuscript

Low-temperature diffusion brazing of active metallized Al_2O_3 ceramic tube and 5A05 aluminum alloy

Y. Wang, Z.W. Yang, L.X. Zhang, D.P. Wang, J.C. Feng

PII: DOI: Reference:

S0264-1275(15)30163-5 doi: 10.1016/j.matdes.2015.07.112 : JMADE 340



To appear in:

Received date:22 March 2015Revised date:14 July 2015Accepted date:16 July 2015

Please cite this article as: Y. Wang, Z.W. Yang, L.X. Zhang, D.P. Wang, J.C. Feng, Low-temperature diffusion brazing of active metallized Al_2O_3 ceramic tube and 5A05 aluminum alloy, (2015), doi: 10.1016/j.matdes.2015.07.112

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Low-temperature diffusion brazing of active metallized Al₂O₃ ceramic tube and 5A05 aluminum alloy

Y. Wang ^a, Z.W. Yang ^{a,*}, L.X. Zhang ^b, D.P. Wang ^a, J.C. Feng ^b

^a Tianjin Key Lab of Advanced Joining Technology, School of Materials Science and Engineering, Tianjin University, Tianjin 300072, China

^b State Key Lab of Advanced Welding and Joining, Harbin Institute of Technology,

Harbin 150001, China

Abstract

A low-temperature ceramic-metal joining technique was successfully developed to produce vacuum-tight Al₂O₃ ceramic and 5A05 aluminum alloy joints, with leak rates of less than 1.0×10^{-9} Pa•m³/s. This involved two steps: active metallization of the Al₂O₃ ceramic surface using Ag-Cu-TiH₂-B composite filler, followed by diffusion brazing of metallized Al₂O₃ ceramic and 5A05 alloy at 530°C. The microstructure, interfacial reactions and mechanical properties of the active metallized Al₂O₃ ceramic and diffusion-brazed Al₂O₃/5A05 joint were investigated. The joint properties were determined by the formation of a continuous Ti₃Cu₃O reaction layer adjacent to Al₂O₃ ceramic, *in situ* synthesized TiB whiskers in the brazing seam, and dissolution thickness of 5A05 alloy. The maximum shear strength of the bonded joints reached 70MPa, while fracture propagated in the Al₂O₃ substrate, with a bowed crack path. A model for quantitatively evaluating the dissolution thickness of 5A05 aluminum alloy during diffusion brazing process was established.

Keywords: Active metallization; diffusion brazing; aluminum alloy; Al₂O₃ ceramic; interfacial microstructure

1

^{*} Corresponding author. Tel.: +86 022 27405889; Fax: +86 022 27405889 E-mail: tjuyangzhenwen@163.com; yangzw@tju.edu.cn (Zhenwen Yang)

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7220437

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7220437

Daneshyari.com