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Highly selective, reusable electrochemical impedimetric DNA sensors based on carbon nanotube/polymer composite electrode without surface modification

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Abstract

We fabricated a composite of multi-walled carbon nanotube and polydimethylsiloxane and utilized it as an electrode for DNA sensing using electrochemical impedance spectroscopy. Without any surface modification or probe immobilization, often necessary for other electrodes, this electrode also acts as a recognition layer for DNA via π - π interactions between the multi-walled carbon nanotube and DNA. This electrode is easily reusable via a simple cleansing process, because there are no Download English Version:

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