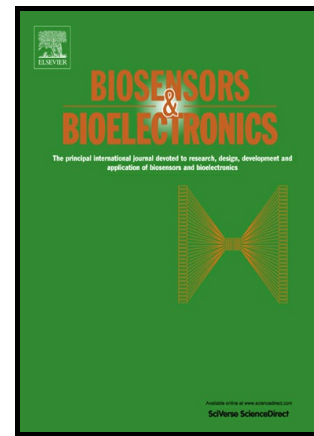


Author's Accepted Manuscript

A Wearable Electrochemical Glucose Sensor based on Simple and Low-Cost Fabrication Supported Micro-Patterned Reduced Graphene Oxide Nanocomposite Electrode on Flexible Substrate

Xing Xuan, Hyo S. Yoon, Jae Y. Park



PII: S0956-5663(18)30155-6
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bios.2018.02.054>
Reference: BIOS10316

To appear in: *Biosensors and Bioelectronic*

Received date: 5 January 2018
Revised date: 15 February 2018
Accepted date: 26 February 2018

Cite this article as: Xing Xuan, Hyo S. Yoon and Jae Y. Park, A Wearable Electrochemical Glucose Sensor based on Simple and Low-Cost Fabrication Supported Micro-Patterned Reduced Graphene Oxide Nanocomposite Electrode on Flexible Substrate, *Biosensors and Bioelectronic*, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bios.2018.02.054>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

A Wearable Electrochemical Glucose Sensor based on Simple and Low-Cost Fabrication Supported Micro-Patterned Reduced Graphene Oxide Nanocomposite Electrode on Flexible Substrate

Xing Xuan, Hyo S. Yoon, and Jae Y. Park*

Department of Electronic Engineering, Kwangwoon University, 447-1, Wolgye-dong, Nowon-gu, Seoul, 139-701 Republic of Korea

Abstract

In this study, a reduced graphene oxide (rGO)-based nanostructured composite working electrode of high quality was successfully microfabricated and micro-patterned on a flexible polyimide substrate using simple low-cost fabrication processes. Gold and platinum alloy nanoparticles were electrochemically deposited onto the microfabricated rGO surface and chitosan-glucose oxidase composites were integrated onto the modified surface of the working electrode to develop a human sweat-based wearable glucose sensor application. The fabricated biosensor exhibited excellent amperometric response to glucose at a detection range of 0–2.4 mM (covers the glucose range in sweat), with a sensitivity of $48 \mu\text{A}/\text{mMcm}^2$, a short response time (20 sec), and high linearity (0.99). The detection limit for glucose was calculated as $5 \mu\text{M}$. The human sweat/mixing glucose samples initially used for testing indicated acceptable detection performance and stability for low glucose concentrations. These results confirm that the proposed nanostructured composite flexible working electrode and fabrication process are highly promising for application as human sweat-based electrochemical glucose sensors.

Keywords

wearable biosensor, high sensitivity, human sweat, reduced graphene oxide, electrochemical sensor, micro-fabrication, flexible electrode

*Corresponding author. Tel.: +82-2-940-5113; Fax: +82-2-942-1502.
E-mail address: jaepark@kw.ac.kr (J. Y. Park)

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7229477>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/7229477>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)