Author's Accepted Manuscript

Pyridoxamine driven selective turn-off detection of picric acid using glutathione stabilized fluorescent copper nanoclusters and its applications with chemically modified cellulose strips

Ravi Patel, Shilpa Bothra, Rajender Kumar, Guido Crisponi, Suban K Sahoo



PII:S0956-5663(17)30760-1DOI:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bios.2017.11.031Reference:BIOS10107

To appear in: Biosensors and Bioelectronic

Received date: 28 August 2017 Revised date: 6 November 2017 Accepted date: 7 November 2017

Cite this article as: Ravi Patel, Shilpa Bothra, Rajender Kumar, Guido Crisponi and Suban K Sahoo, Pyridoxamine driven selective turn-off detection of picric acid using glutathione stabilized fluorescent copper nanoclusters and its applications with chemically modified cellulose strips, *Biosensors and Bioelectronic*, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bios.2017.11.031

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Pyridoxamine driven selective turn-off detection of picric acid using glutathione stabilized

fluorescent copper nanoclusters and its applications with chemically modified cellulose

strips

Ravi Patel^{a,§}, Shilpa Bothra^{a,§}, Rajender Kumar^a, Guido Crisponi^b and Suban K Sahoo^{a,*}

^a Department of Applied Chemistry, SV National Institute of Technology (SVNIT), Surat-395007, India.(E-mail: suban_sahoo@rediffmail.com; sks@chem.svnit.ac.in.)

^bDipartimento di Scienze Chimiche, Università di Cagliari, 09042 Monserrato, Italy.

Abstract

The present work reports the interaction of various vitamin B_6 cofactors with the red emitting glutathione stabilized copper nanoclusters (GSH-CuNCs). Addition of pyridoxamine (PM) resulted a new turn-on band at 410 nm due to the possible adsorption over the surface of GSH-CuNCs. The nano-assembly PM-GSH-CuNCs was applied for the selective detection of nitro-aromatic compounds. Upon addition of picric acid (PA), the fluorescence of PM-GSH-CuNCs was selectively quenched at 410 nm and ~625 nm among the other tested nitro-aromatic compounds. With a linearity range from 9.9 μ M to 43 μ M, the concentration of PA can be detected down to 2.74 μ M. The high selectivity exhibited by the nano-assembly allows to detect PA in real samples like tap water, river water and matchstick. Advantageously, the nano-assembly PM-GSH-CuNCs was chemically adsorbed over the cellulosic strips and applied for the naked-eye detection of PA down to 1 μ M.

Keywords: Fluorescent copper nanoclusters; Pyridoxamine; Turn-Off sensor; Picric acid; Chemically-modified cellulose strips.

[§]Contributed equally.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7229886

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7229886

Daneshyari.com