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A paper based graphene-nanocauliflower hybrid composite for point of care biosensing

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

1	A paper based graphene-nanocauliflower hybrid composite for point of care
2	biosensing
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10	
11	Abstract
12	We demonstrate the first report of graphene paper functionalized with fractal
13	platinum nanocauliflower for use in electrochemical biosensing of small molecules
14	(glucose) or detection of pathogenic bacteria (Escherichia coli O157:H7). Raman
15	spectroscopy, scanning electron microscopy and energy dispersive spectroscopy show
16	that graphene oxide-coated nanocellulose was partially reduced by both thermal
17	treatment, and further reduced by chemical treatment (ascorbic acid). Fractal
18	nanoplatinum with cauliflower-like morphology was formed on the reduced graphene
19	oxide paper using pulsed sonoelectrodeposition, producing a conductive paper with an
20	extremely high electroactive surface area (0.29 \pm 0.13 $\text{cm}^2\text{)},$ confirmed by cyclic
21	voltammetry and electrochemical impedance spectroscopy. The platinum surface was
22	functionalized with either glucose oxidase (via chitosan encapsulation) or a RNA
23	aptamer (via covalent linking) for demonstration as a point of care biosensor. The

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