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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Replacing antibodies with aptamers in lateral flow immunoassay

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Abstract:

Aptamers have been identified against various targets as a type of chemical or nucleic acid ligand

by systematic evolution of ligands by exponential enrichment (SELEX) with high sensitivity and

specificity. Aptamers show remarkable advantages over antibodies due to the nucleic acid nature

and target-induced structure-switching properties and are widely used to design various

fluorescent, electrochemical, or colorimetric biosensors. However, the practical applications of

aptamer-based sensing and diagnostics are still lagging behind those of antibody-based tests.

Lateral flow immunoassay (LFIA) represents a well established and appropriate technology among

rapid assays because of its low cost and user-friendliness. The antibody-based platform is utilized

to detect numerous targets, but it is always hampered by the antibody preparation time,

antibody stability, and effect of modification on the antibody. Seeking alternatives to antibodies is

an area of active research and is of tremendous importance. Aptamers are receiving increasing

attention in lateral flow applications because of a number of important potential performance

advantages. We speculate that aptamer-based LFIA may be one of the first platforms for

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