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Neurophysiological differentiation between preattentive and attentive

processing of emotional expressions on French vowels

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Research Highlights

• Emotion conveyed by spoken vowels was able to significantly modulate MMN and P3a.

Fear stimuli had a special status at an early stage of emotional processing.

Fear lead to larger amplitude (MMN, P3a), shorter latency (MMN) than other emotion.

**Abstract:** 

The present electrophysiological study investigated the processing of emotional prosody by

minimizing as much as possible the effect of emotional information conveyed by the lexical-

semantic context. Emotionally colored French vowels (i.e., happiness, sadness, fear, and

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