Accepted Manuscript

The Impact of Efficiency on Discretionary Loans/Finance Loss Provision: A Comparative Study of Islamic and Conventional Banks*

Fekri Ali Mohammed Shawtari, Buerhan Saiti, Shaikh Hamzah Abdul Razak, Mohamed Ariff

PII: S2214-8450(15)00027-7

DOI: 10.1016/j.bir.2015.06.002

Reference: BIR 57

To appear in: Borsa istanbul Review

Received Date: 30 March 2015

Accepted Date: 23 June 2015

Please cite this article as: Mohammed Shawtari F.A., Saiti B., Abdul Razak S.H. & Ariff M., The Impact of Efficiency on Discretionary Loans/Finance Loss Provision: A Comparative Study of Islamic and Conventional Banks*, *Borsa istanbul Review* (2015), doi: 10.1016/j.bir.2015.06.002.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



The Impact of Efficiency on Discretionary Loans/Finance Loss Provision: A Comparative Study of Islamic and Conventional Banks*

Fekri Ali Mohammed ^{a,*}, Buerhan Saiti^{b,1}, Shaikh Hamzah Abdul Razak^{c,2} and Mohamed Ariff ^{c,3}

Abstract

The paper investigates whether there is a significance difference between the practices of discretionary loan/finance loss provisions between Islamic and conventional banks. Same time, the paper tests whether the efficiency may influence the behaviour of discretionary loans/finance loss provisions, taken into consideration other micro and macro variables. The study utilizes panel data runs over 1996-2011 with unbalanced observations for 16 banks, of which 4 Islamic banks. In order to achieve research objectives, the two-stage approach is adopted to examine the factors that may influence the behaviour of discretionary loan/finance loss provisions with specific emphasize on the efficiency. Furthermore, efficiency scores are estimated using Data Envelopment Windows Analysis. The findings of the research show that Islamic banks employ the discretionary loans/finance loss provisions to manage their earnings. However, the magnitude of discretion of accruals is significantly lower than conventional banks with exception for foreign banks which have reported lower discretionary loans/finance loss provisions than Islamic banks. Moreover, the analysis showed that efficiency affects the overall discretionary loans/finance loss provision positively, although this impact is shaped differently for Islamic and conventional banks.

Keywords: loan loss provisions, Islamic banks, conventional banks, efficiency, Yemen.

* The authors are deeply grateful to Prof. Ali Kutan (the editor) and the anonymous reviewers for their helpful comments which improved the quality of the paper greatly.

^a Universiti Kuala Lumpur, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

^b Institute of Islamic Banking and Finance, International Islamic University Malaysia

^c INCEIF, The Global University of Islamic Finance, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

^{*}Corresponding author at: Fekri Ali Mohammed, Universiti Kuala Lumpur, 1016 Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Tel.: + 603 26810182; fax: + 60 26810185. Email: fekri@unikl.edu.my

¹Institute of Islamic Banking and Finance, IIUM, Jalan Gombak, 53100 Kuala Lumpur, Selangor, Malaysia. Email Address: borhanseti@gmail.com

²Mailing Address: INCEIF, The Global University of Islamic Finance, Lorong University A (off Jalan University), 59100 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Email Address: shamzah@inceif.org

³Mailing Address: INCEIF, The Global University of Islamic Finance, Lorong University A (off Jalan University), 59100 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Email Address: ariff@inceif.org

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7341950

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7341950

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>