Accepted Manuscript

Title: What do women want? Female suffrage and the size of government

Authors: Claudio Bravo-Ortega, Nicolas A. Eterovic,

Valentina Paredes

PII: S0939-3625(17)30094-8

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecosys.2017.04.001

Reference: ECOSYS 632

To appear in: Economic Systems

Received date: 14-12-2016 Revised date: 21-4-2017 Accepted date: 24-4-2017

Please cite this article as: Bravo-Ortega, Claudio, Eterovic, Nicolas A., Paredes, Valentina, What do women want? Female suffrage and the size of government. Economic Systems https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecosys.2017.04.001

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



What do women want? Female suffrage and the size of government

Claudio Bravo-Ortega^{a,b,*}, Nicolas A. Eterovic and Valentina Paredes^{c,**}

^a Department of Economics, Universidad de Chile, Diagonal Paraguay 205. Edificio Z, Segundo

Piso, Santiago, Chile

^bSchool of Business, Universidad Adolfo Ibañez

^cDepartment of Economics, Universidad de Chile, Diagonal Paraguay 257, Of 1305A, Santiago,

Chile

* Corresponding author. Tel.: (56-2)2978-3999;

E-mail address: clbravo@econ.uchile.cl

** Tel.: (56-2)2978-3635; fax: (56-2)2978-3413.

E-mail address: vparedes@fen.uchile.cl

Highlights

The economic literature has attributed part of the increase in government expenditure

over the 20th century to female voting.

We argue that current estimates of this relationship are afflicted by endogeneity bias.

Using a novel set of instruments related to the diffusion of the introduction of the female

right to vote across the globe, we find that, on average, the introduction of female

suffrage did not increase either social expenditures or total government expenditure.

Abstract

The economic literature has attributed part of the increase in government expenditure over the 20th century to female voting. This is puzzling, considering that the political science literature has documented that women tended to be more conservative than men over the first

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7348008

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7348008

Daneshyari.com