Accepted Manuscript

The Dynamic Effects of Oil Supply Shocks on the US Stock Market Returns of Upstream Oil and Gas Companies

Bradley T. Ewing, Wensheng Kang, Ronald A. Ratti

PII: S0140-9883(18)30168-3

DOI: doi:10.1016/j.eneco.2018.05.001

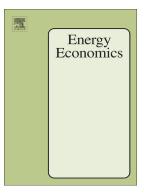
Reference: ENEECO 4013

To appear in:

Received date: 12 April 2016
Revised date: 26 January 2018
Accepted date: 1 May 2018

Please cite this article as: Bradley T. Ewing, Wensheng Kang, Ronald A. Ratti, The Dynamic Effects of Oil Supply Shocks on the US Stock Market Returns of Upstream Oil and Gas Companies. The address for the corresponding author was captured as affiliation for all authors. Please check if appropriate. Enecco(2018), doi:10.1016/j.eneco.2018.05.001

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

The Dynamic Effects of Oil Supply Shocks on the US Stock Market Returns of Upstream Oil and Gas Companies

by

Bradley T. Ewing^a, Wensheng Kang^{b*}, Ronald A. Ratti^{c,d}
^aRawls College of Business, Texas Tech University, USA
^bDepartment of Economics, Kent State University, USA
^cSchool of Business, University of Western Sydney, Australia
^dDepartment of Economics, University of Missouri, USA

Abstract

A time-varying parameter VAR model is used to examine the impact of structural oil supply shocks on the US real stock market return of oil and gas exploration and production companies. The result shows that the impact response of the real return of the upstream stocks to a negative world non-US oil supply shock increases substantially over recent years, from an average value of 0.70 percent in 2006 to 6.16 percent during 2008-2010, with a spike of 6.81 percent in 2014Q3. The endogenous effects of US oil supply shocks on the return play an important role, in that the responses of the stock returns to a negative US oil supply shock are positive and persistent with an average value of 3.60 percent over time. The time-varying effects of oil supply shocks are heterogeneous. The magnitudes of return responses are different among independents, large proved-reserve independents and integrated companies over time.

JEL classifications: E44, G10, Q41, Q43

Key words and phrases: oil supply shocks, real stock return, time-varying parameter VAR, oil and gas exploration and production companies

Corresponding author: wkang3@kent.edu, Department of Economics, Kent State University, OH, USA 44663. Tel.: 1-330-308-7414.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7350608

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7350608

Daneshyari.com