Accepted Manuscript

Who exacerbates the extreme swings in the Chinese stock market?

Shu Tian, Eliza Wu, Qiongbing Wu

PII: S1057-5219(17)30144-8

DOI: doi:10.1016/j.irfa.2017.10.009

Reference: FINANA 1154

To appear in: International Review of Financial Analysis

Received date: 4 September 2017 Accepted date: 20 October 2017

Please cite this article as: Shu Tian, Eliza Wu, Qiongbing Wu, Who exacerbates the extreme swings in the Chinese stock market?. The address for the corresponding author was captured as affiliation for all authors. Please check if appropriate. Finana(2017), doi:10.1016/j.irfa.2017.10.009

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Who exacerbates the extreme swings in the Chinese stock market?

Shu Tian

Economic Research and Regional Cooperation Department, Asian Development Bank,

Metro Manila Philippines 1550

Eliza Wu*

University of Sydney Business School, University of Sydney, Camperdown, NSW
Australia 2006

Qiongbing Wu

School of Business, Western Sydney University, Parramatta, NSW Australia 2150

Abstract

We investigate the dominant investors that buy or sell relatively more on the days when the absolute value of market returns or the daily range of market index prices exceeds 5% in the Chinese stock market. Unlike Dennis and Strickland [*Journal of Finance* 57(5): 1923-1949 (2002)] who find that institutional investors are buying (selling) more when there is a large market increase (decline) in U.S. equity markets, we find that institutional investors in China are systematically buying more than the less sophisticated individual investors during extreme market swings, particularly on extreme market-down days. We reveal that institutional investors in China (primarily pension funds), provide a stabilizing influence during market downturn days. Our findings highlight the benefits of having active institutional investors in an extremely volatile emerging market dominated by less sophisticated individual investors.

JEL classification: G11, G12, G14.

Keyword: institutional ownership, institutional trading, abnormal returns, extreme market swings

We appreciate the invaluable comments from the discussant and session participants at the 28th Australasian Finance and Banking Conference. This research has been conducted whilst Qiongbing Wu was visiting the Institute of Global Finance, UNSW Business School, at the University of New South Wales. Qiongbing Wu acknowledges the Women's Research Fellowship at Western Sydney University.

^{*}Corresponding author, email: eliza.wu@sydney.edu.au, tel: +61-2-86274626

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7355736

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7355736

Daneshyari.com