Accepted Manuscript

Who acquires whom among stand-alone commercial banks and bank holding company affiliates?

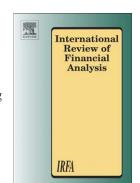
Kim Cuong Ly, Frank Hong Liua, Kwaku Opong

PII: \$1057-5219(16)30167-3 DOI: doi: 10.1016/j.irfa.2016.11.003

Reference: FINANA 1055

To appear in: International Review of Financial Analysis

Received date: 29 October 2015 Revised date: 22 June 2016 Accepted date: 14 November 2016



Please cite this article as: Ly, K.C., Liua, F.H. & Opong, K., Who acquires whom among stand-alone commercial banks and bank holding company affiliates?, *International Review of Financial Analysis* (2016), doi: 10.1016/j.irfa.2016.11.003

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Who acquires whom among stand-alone commercial banks and bank holding company affiliates?

Kim Cuong Ly^{a*}, Frank Hong Liu_a, Kwaku Opong^{a1}

^aAdam Smith Business School, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom

Article type: SI: FEBS2015 - Audencia

Abstract

This paper presents the difference in the likelihood of being targets or acquirers among standalone banks, single-bank holding company (SBHC) affiliates and multi-bank holding company (MBHC) affiliates. Using a sample of U.S. commercial bank data from 1997 to 2012, we find that MBHC affiliates exhibit a greater likelihood of being targets than do stand-alone commercial banks, while stand-alone banks have a greater probability of becoming targets than do SBHC affiliates. On the other hand, our findings show that MBHC affiliates tend to have a greater likelihood of being acquirers than do SBHC affiliates, which again have a greater probability of being acquirers than do stand-alone banks. Those banks that acquire another bank within the same MBHC structure tend to be smaller and more financially constrained than those banks acquiring outside the same MBHC structure, whereas targets that are acquired by another bank within the same MBHC structure tend to be smaller, higher profitability and capital than targets that are acquired by banks from outside the MBHC structure. Our results suggest that the MBHC parent attempts to discipline distressed, poorly performing and smaller affiliates by involving them in mergers and acquisitions.

Keywords: merger; acquisition; bank holding company affiliates; stand-alone commercial banks JEL Classification: G200, G210, G340

⁻

¹ We extend our appreciation to the conference attendees of the 5th International Conference of the Financial Engineering and Banking Society 2015 and Scottish Doctoral Colloquium in Accounting and Finance 2016. The usual disclaimers apply. Send correspondence to Kim Cuong Ly, Adam Smith Business School, University of Glasgow, University Avenue, Glasgow, G12 8QQ, United Kingdom; telephone: (+44) 141 330 7797; e-mail address: k.ly.1@research.gla.ac.uk.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7355816

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7355816

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>