Accepted Manuscript

Balance Sheet Strength and Bank Lending: Evidence from the Global Financial Crisis

Tümer Kapan, Camelia Minoiu

PII: \$0378-4266(18)30079-7

DOI: 10.1016/j.jbankfin.2018.04.011

Reference: JBF 5332

To appear in: Journal of Banking and Finance

Received date: 6 April 2017 Revised date: 3 January 2018 Accepted date: 14 April 2018



Please cite this article as: Tümer Kapan, Camelia Minoiu, Balance Sheet Strength and Bank Lending: Evidence from the Global Financial Crisis, *Journal of Banking and Finance* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.jbankfin.2018.04.011

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Balance Sheet Strength and Bank Lending: Evidence from the Global Financial Crisis*

Tümer Kapan¹

Camelia Minoiu²

¹International Monetary Fund

²International Monetary Fund, Wharton School (Univ. of Pennsylvania)

April 24, 2018

Abstract

We use the 2007-2008 financial crisis as a lens to study the link between banks' financial health and the strength of transmission of financial sector shocks to the real economy. We find that banks with ex-ante stronger balance sheets, in particular higher levels of common equity, were better able to maintain credit supply when faced with liquidity shocks during the crisis. Bank recapitalizations mitigated the lending gap between high and low capital banks, but only in countries with strong sovereigns. These findings support the view that strong financial intermediary balance sheets are key for the recovery of credit and economic performance after large financial sector shocks.

JEL Codes: G21, G18, G01

Keywords: international shock transmission, bank lending channel, wholesale funding, highquality capital, Basel III

^{*}Authors' email addresses: tkapan@imf.org and cminoiu@imf.org (corresponding author). Corresponding author postal address: 3601 Market St. Unit 1207, Philadelphia PA 19104, USA. Phone: +1-202-683-0807. We are thankful for constructive suggestions from the Associate Editor and three anonymous referees, and useful comments from and discussions with Charles Calomiris, Stijn Claessens, Giovanni Dell'Ariccia, Enzo Dia, Xavier Freixas, Gaston Gelos, Iftekhar Hasan, Neeltje van Horen, Sujit Kapadia, Josef Korte, Luc Laeven, Hitoshi Mio, Lev Ratnovski, Enrico Sette, Jerome Vandenbussche, Chen Zhou, and seminar participants at the Bank of England, Cleveland Fed, Central Bank of Ireland, International Monetary Fund, 44th Annual Money, Macro and Finance Conference, Macroeconomic and Financial Vulnerability Indicators in Advanced Economies Conference, Bundesbank Conference "The Stability of the European Financial System and the Real Economy in the Shadow of the Crisis," FEBS/LabEx-ReFi 3rd Conference of the Financial Engineering and Banking Society, the 11th INFINITI Conference on International Finance, 40th EFA Annual Conference, the 5th EBC-CEPR Financial Stability Conference "The Regulatory Framework of the Future," and the 2017 Oxford IFABS conference. Keith Miao provided excellent research assistance. This is a significantly revised version of a paper previous circulated with the title "Balance sheet strength and bank lending during the global financial crisis" (IMF Working Paper No. 13-102). Camelia Minoiu is grateful to the Wharton Financial Institutions Center and the Management Department at the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania for their hosting during revisions to this paper. The views expressed herein are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect those of the IMF or IMF policies.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7356499

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7356499

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>