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Household Electrification and Indoor Air Pollution

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Abstract

This paper provides the first experimental evidence that household electrification

leads to substantial reductions in indoor air pollution. Two years after electricity

rollout, we measured overnight fine particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) concentration, which

was on average 66% lower among households that were randomly encouraged to connect

to the electrical grid compared to those that were not. As a result, prevalence of acute

respiratory infections among children under six was 8-14 percentage points lower in

the former group. We find suggestive evidence that these changes are at least partly

driven by reductions in kerosene use.

JEL codes: Q53, Q56, I15, I18, O13, O33

keywords: household electrification, indoor air pollution, fine particulate matter, health

Introduction 1

In 2009, 1.3 billion people lacked access to electricity at home (International Energy Agency,

2011). At night, households with no access to electricity make do mostly with candles

or kerosene lamps to satisfy their illumination needs. These sources of light provide poor

illumination and, more importantly, emit high amounts of pollutants that are harmful to

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