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Does postponing minimum retirement age improve healthy

behaviors before retirement? Evidence from middle-aged Italian

workers

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Abstract

By increasing the residual working horizon of employed individuals, pension reforms that

rise minimum retirement age can affect individual investment in health-promoting behaviors

before retirement. Using the expected increase in minimum retirement age induced by a 2004

Italian pension reform and a difference-in-differences research design, we show that middle-

aged Italian males affected by the reform reacted to the longer working horizon by increasing

regular exercise, with positive consequences for obesity and self-reported satisfaction with

health.

Keywords: retirement, working horizon, healthy behaviors, pension reforms

JEL codes: H55, I12, J26.

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