### Accepted Manuscript

Spatio-temporal Clustering in the Pharmaceutical and Medical Device Manufacturing Industry: A Geographical Micro-level Analysis

Giuseppe Arbia, Giuseppe Espa, Diego Giuliani, Maria Michela Dickson

 PII:
 S0166-0462(14)00104-5

 DOI:
 doi: 10.1016/j.regsciurbeco.2014.10.001

 Reference:
 REGEC 3090

To appear in: Regional Science and Urban Economics

Received date:30 April 2013Revised date:22 July 2014Accepted date:3 October 2014



Please cite this article as: Arbia, Giuseppe, Espa, Giuseppe, Giuliani, Diego, Dickson, Maria Michela, Spatio-temporal Clustering in the Pharmaceutical and Medical Device Manufacturing Industry: A Geographical Micro-level Analysis, *Regional Science and Urban Economics* (2014), doi: 10.1016/j.regsciurbeco.2014.10.001

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

## Spatio-temporal Clustering in the Pharmaceutical and Medical Device Manufacturing Industry: A Geographical Micro-level Analysis

Giuseppe Arbia§, Giuseppe Espa†, Diego Giuliani\*, Maria Michela Dickson°

\$Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore, Rome, Italy.
\*Department of Economics and Management, University of Trento, Italy.
\*Department of Economics and Management, University of Trento, Italy. Email: diego.giuliani@unitn.it
\*Department of Social Science, University "Sapienza", Roma, Italy

#### Abstract

The study of the geographical distribution of firms and of the dynamic pattern of firm entry and firm exits is a particularly relevant issue in regional health economics especially in the view of policy intervention to geographically balance health service supply and demand. The current state of the art in the study of new firm formation and firm exit (see, e.g., Armington and Acs, 2002; Folta et al., 2006; Andersson and Koster, 2011; Raspe and van Oort, 2011) collects a comprehensive set of empirical methodologies for data aggregated at the macro (national) or meso (e.g. regional) territorial levels, in which observations typically consist of the administrative units (such as regions, counties and municipalities). The lack of a systematic approach to the analysis of data at the micro-territorial level - where the observations refer to the geographical coordinates of each individual firm - has dramatically limited the possibility to obtain robust evidences about firm demography phenomenon mainly due to a problem of data scarcity and reliability. To overcome such limitations, in this article we propose an approach to the analysis of the spatial dynamics of firm formation/exit based on micro-geographic data. In particular, we illustrate the use the spacetime inhomogeneous K-function (Gabriel and Diggle, 2009) to detect the spatio-temporal clustering of firm entries and firm exits generated by the interaction between economic agents while controlling for common (locally varying) factors, spatial and temporal heterogeneity. In view of our aim the present paper show the results of an empirical application of the methodology to the case of new firms entry and firm exit in the pharmaceutical and medical device manufacturing industry during the years 2004-2009 in an Italian region (Veneto).

## Spatio-temporal Clustering in the Pharmaceutical and Medical Device Manufacturing Industry: A Geographical Micro-level Analysis

*Keywords:* Agglomeration, Non-parametric measures, STIK functions, spatio-temporal clustering, Spatial health econometrics. *JEL classification codes:* C21 · D92 · L60 · O18 · R12 Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7383923

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7383923

Daneshyari.com