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Farideh Kazemi Ph.D., Farnoosh Moafi MSc., Fatemeh Samiee-Siboni MSc., Zainab Alimoradi Ph.D.

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Prevalence and Predictors of Food Insecurity among Pregnant Women: A cross sectional study in Qazvin

Province, Iran

Farideh Kazemi¹, Farnoosh Moafi², Fatemeh Samiee-Siboni³, Zainab Alimoradi^{4*}

¹ Ph.D. Faculty of Nursing and Midwifery, Hamedan University of Medical Science, Hamedan, Iran.

² MSc. Faculty of Nursing and Midwifery, Qazvin University of Medical Science, Qazvin, Iran.

³ MSc. Faculty of Nursing and Midwifery, Qazvin University of Medical Science, Qazvin, Iran

⁴ Ph.D. Faculty of Nursing and Midwifery, Qazvin University of Medical Science, Qazvin, Iran.

Corresponding Author:

Zainab Alimoradi

Qazvin University of Medical Science, Bahonar blv. Qazvin, Iran. Postal code: 34197-59811

Tel: +9828 33336001-5, Fax: +982833237268

Email: zainabalimoradi@yahoo.com

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this project.

Abstract

Introduction: food insecurity is associated with adverse health consequences in women, especially pregnant ones. Present study is aimed to investigate prevalence and predictors of food insecurity among

pregnant women.

Method: A cross-sectional study was conducted on 394 pregnant women in Qazvin during November

2016 to May 2017. The Household Food Insecurity Access Scale (HFIAS) was used to assess food

insecurity among pregnant women. Besides, the relationship of demographic, midwifery and

socioeconomic factors was investigated using Chi-squared and logistic regression tests. Then, the

obtained data were analyzed in Stata-12 software at the significance level of 0.05.

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