## Author's Accepted Manuscript

Multivariate Analysis of Digital Images of a Paper Sensor by Partial Least Squares for Determination of Nitrite

Masoud Shariati-Rad, Mohsen Irandoust, Shabnam Mohammadi



 PII:
 S0169-7439(16)30268-4

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.chemolab.2016.08.015

 Reference:
 CHEMOM3311

To appear in: Chemometrics and Intelligent Laboratory Systems

Received date: 15 December 2015 Revised date: 28 August 2016 Accepted date: 29 August 2016

Cite this article as: Masoud Shariati-Rad, Mohsen Irandoust and Shabnar Mohammadi, Multivariate Analysis of Digital Images of a Paper Sensor by Partial Least Squares for Determination of Nitrite, *Chemometrics and Intelliger, Laboratory Systems*, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.chemolab.2016.08.015

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted fo publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version o the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain

#### ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

## Multivariate Analysis of Digital Images of a Paper Sensor by Partial Least Squares for Determination of Nitrite

Masoud Shariati-Rad<sup>\*</sup>, Mohsen Irandoust, Shabnam Mohammadi

Department of Analytical Chemistry, Faculty of Chemistry, Razi University, Kermanshah, Iran

\*Corresponding author: fax: (+ 98) 833 4274559. mshariati\_rad@yahoo.com

#### Abstract

Here, a disposable ultra-low cost and simple paper-based sensor (PBS) for on-site quantification of nitrite in environmental matrices is introduced. The PBS consists of a filter paper disc with 1.2 cm in diameter that is impregnated with the Griess reagents including 3-nitroaniline, 1-naphthylamine and hydrochloric acid with the optimal concentrations obtained by response surface methodology. After introducing 20.0  $\mu$ L of a sample/standard solution to the sensor, nitrite reacts with the Griess reagents on the sensor and produces the red-pink colored azo dye after 30 min. By use of a digital camera, the image of the PBS is captured and then analyzed by partial least squares for nitrite determination. The use of a blank and sample image reduces bias from variations in ambient light and makes it possible to acquire and process images on-site. In order to demonstrate the potential impact of this technology in the environment monitoring, the device was successfully applied to the analysis of a series of water samples, including tap, rain and wastewater. The results of the method were validated by standard method.

*Keywords*: Paper-based sensor; Nitrite; Response surface methodology; Partial least squares; Image; Environmental.

Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7562538

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7562538

Daneshyari.com