Accepted Manuscript

Antioxidative effects of flavonoids and their metabolites against hypoxia/reoxygenation-induced oxidative stress in a human first trimester trophoblast cell line

Vernon J Ebegboni, John M Dickenson, Shiva D Sivasubramaniam

PII: S0308-8146(18)31437-7

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodchem.2018.08.036

Reference: FOCH 23377

To appear in: Food Chemistry

Received Date: 7 September 2017 Revised Date: 11 June 2018 Accepted Date: 8 August 2018



Please cite this article as: Ebegboni, V.J., Dickenson, J.M., Sivasubramaniam, S.D., Antioxidative effects of flavonoids and their metabolites against hypoxia/reoxygenation-induced oxidative stress in a human first trimester trophoblast cell line, *Food Chemistry* (2018), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodchem.2018.08.036

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Antioxidative effects of flavonoids and their metabolites against hypoxia/reoxygenationinduced oxidative stress in a human first trimester trophoblast cell line

Vernon J Ebegboni¹, John M Dickenson² and Shiva D Sivasubramaniam³⊠

¹vernon.ebegboni@ntu.ac.uk; ²john.dickenson@ntu.ac.uk;

^{3⊠}shiva.sivasubramaniam@ntu.ac.uk

 $School\ of\ Science\ and\ Technology,\ Notting ham\ Trent\ University,\ Clifton\ Lane,\ Notting ham\ NG11\ 8NS,\ UK$

Abstract:

This study aimed to investigate the cytoprotective effects of flavonoids, their metabolites alone or in combination against hypoxia/reoxygenation induced oxidative stress in the transformed human first trimester trophoblast cell line (HTR-8/SVneo).

Oxidative stress was achieved with hypoxia followed by reoxygenation and the following assays were performed: MTT, CellTox[™] Green Cytotoxicity, CellTiter-Glo[®], NADP/NADPH-Glo[™], ROS-Glo[™]/H₂O₂, GSH/GSSG-Glo[™] and Caspase-Glo[®] 3/7 assays.

HTR-8/SVneo cells, pre-treated for 24 h with flavonoids or their metabolites were protected significantly from oxidative stress. Flavonoids were associated with ROS modulation, reducing the generation of superoxide/hydrogen peroxide. The activities of caspases 3/7 were also significantly reduced significantly in HTR-8/SVneo cells pre-treated with flavonoids.

This study has shown for the first time that 24 h pre-treatment with flavonoids, their metabolites alone or in combination, protected against HR-induced oxidative stress in the trophoblast cell line. These data indicate that dietary flavonoids may be beneficial to placental health and invasion during early gestation.

Keywords: trophoblast, antioxidant, flavonoids, quercetin, hesperidin, Q3G, hesperetin oxidative stress, hypoxia/reoxygenation, HTR-8/SVneo

Abbreviations: HR- hypoxia/reoxygenation; Q3G- Quercetin 3-glucuronide

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7583727

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7583727

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>