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Highlights

A novel electrochemical DNA biosensor was constructed for detecting the presence of carcinogens in food samples:

- A comparison study using three different DNA sequences was performed to prove the effectiveness of guanine rich DNA sequence for optimal binding with carcinogens.
- The DNA was immobilized onto silica nanospheres/gold nanoparticles modified screen-printed electrode.
- The biosensor was used to detect two carcinogens, namely formaldehyde and acrylamide.
- The applicability of the biosensor was evaluated on real food samples and compared using standard Ames test.

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