Accepted Manuscript

Optimal extraction and fingerprinting of carotenoids by accelerated solvent extraction and liquid chromatography with tandem mass spectrometry

Supradip Saha, Suresh Walia, Aditi Kundu, Khushbu Sharma, Ranjit Kumar Paul

PII: DOI: Reference:	S0308-8146(15)00041-2 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodchem.2015.01.039 FOCH 16990
To appear in:	Food Chemistry
Received Date:	23 September 2013
Revised Date:	1 February 2014
Accepted Date:	3 January 2015



Please cite this article as: Saha, S., Walia, S., Kundu, A., Sharma, K., Paul, R.K., Optimal extraction and fingerprinting of carotenoids by accelerated solvent extraction and liquid chromatography with tandem mass spectrometry, *Food Chemistry* (2015), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foodchem.2015.01.039

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Optimal extraction and fingerprinting of carotenoids by accelerated solvent

extraction and liquid chromatography with tandem mass spectrometry

Supradip Saha¹, Suresh Walia^{1*}, Aditi Kundu¹, Khushbu Sharma¹, Ranjit Kumar Paul²

¹Division of Agricultural Chemicals

Indian Agricultural Research Institute, New Delhi-110 012, India

²Indian Agricultural Statistics Research Institute, New Delhi-110 012, India

*corresponding author; e-mail: <u>s_supradip@yahoo.com</u>

Tel/Fax. no. +91-11-25842860

ABSTRACT

Accelerated solvent extraction (ASE) is applied for the extraction of carotenoids from orange carrot and the extraction parameters were optimized. Two carotenoids, lutein and β -carotene, are selected as the validation process. Hildebrand solubility parameters and dielectric constant of solvents were taken into consideration in selecting solvent mixture. The effects of various experimental parameters, such as temperature, static time, drying agent etc., on the ASE extraction efficiency are investigated systematically. Interactions among the variables were also studied. Furthermore, two carotenoids were analysed and characterized by LC-ESI MS. The study concluded that Hildebrand solubility parameter approach may be applicable for less polar bioactive molecules like carotenoids. The properties of solvent and extraction temperature are found to be the most important parameters affecting the ASE extraction efficiency of thermolabile natural compounds.

Keywords: Accelerated Solvent Extractor, Liquid Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry, Hildebrand solubility parameters, Carotenoid

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7593042

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7593042

Daneshyari.com