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Comparative Chemical and Biochemical Analysis of Extracts of *Hibiscus sabdariffa*

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5 ABSTRACT

6 *Hibiscus sabdariffa* extracts have attracted attention because of potentially useful bioactivity. 7 However, there have been no systematic studies of extraction efficiencies of H. sabdariffa. 8 The nature of extracts used in different studies has varied considerably, making comparisons 9 difficult. Therefore, a systematic study of extracts of H. sabdariffa made with different 10 solvents was carried out using water, methanol, ethyl acetate and hexane in the 11 presence/absence of formic acid, using different extraction times and temperatures. The 12 extracts were analysed for total polyphenol content, antioxidant capacity using DPPH, FRAP 13 and TEAC assays, and specific anthocyanins were determined using HPLC and LC-MS. The 14 results showed the highest antioxidant capacities were obtained by extracting using water, 15 with or without formic acid, for 10 min at 100 °C. These extracts provided the highest 16 concentrations of cyanidin 3-sambubioside and delphinidin 3-sambubioside. It will be 17 important to use extraction conditions giving optimal extraction efficiencies for subsequent 18 bioactivity experiments.

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20 KEYWORDS: *Hibiscus sabdariffa*; antioxidant capacity; TEAC; DPPH; FRAP; total
21 polyphenols; solvent extraction; anthocyanins; cyanidin 3-sambubioside; delphinidin 322 sambubioside.

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